## Vehicle Inspection Checklist

#### Exterior-

Check for any signs of rust, dents, or scratches on the body panels.
Ensure that the paint color and texture are consistent throughout the vehicle.
Inspect the windshield and other windows for cracks, chips, or damage.
Check the condition of the tyres, including tread depth and even wear.
Look for signs of leakage or damage in the headlights, taillights, and indicators.
Examine the condition of the mirrors, wipers, and other exterior accessories.

### Mechanical Check the engine oil level and inspect the oil for any signs of contamination or excessive darkening. Inspect the battery for corrosion and ensure it's securely mounted. Check all fluid levels, including coolant, brake fluid, transmission fluid, and power steering fluid. Test the brakes for responsiveness and effectiveness. Verify the operation of all lights, including headlights, brake lights, turn signals, and reverse lights. Test the suspension by pushing down on each corner of the vehicle and checking for excessive bouncing or noise. Listen for any unusual noises from the engine, exhaust, or suspension components. Test the operation of the windshield wipers, horn, and all electrical systems.

### Undercarriage-

Inspect the undercarriage for signs of leakage, such as oil, coolant, or brake fluid.

Check for any visible damage or rust on the frame, exhaust system, and suspension components.

Examine the condition of the CV boots and joints for signs of damage or leakage. (google search CV boot if you are not sure what it is)



# Inspect the seats, including the driver's seat, for any tears, stains, or excessive wear. Check the functionality of all seat adjustments and

 ensure they work smoothly.
 Examine the dashboard for any warning lights and ensure all gauges and controls are functioning properly.

Test the air conditioning, heating, and ventilation systems to verify they are working effectively. Check the condition of the carpeting, headliner, and

door panels for any damage or signs of water intrusion.

# Test Drive -----

Start the engine and listen for unusual sounds, such as knocking or ticking. The best time to do this is when the engine is cold.
 Test the acceleration and responsiveness of the vehicle.
 Check the functionality of the brakes, including how they respond and if there is any pulling or vibration.
 Pay attention to the transmission shifting smoothly and without hesitation.
 Test the steering response and ensure the vehicle tracks straight on a level road.

Listen for any abnormal vibrations or noises while driving at different speeds.

### /ehicle History-

Request the vehicle's maintenance records and service history.

Check the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and compare it with the registration and documentation.

Obtain a vehicle history report to check for any accidents, previous damage, or title issues.

Perform PPSR check for added protection. (This can be done online for a minimal fee)

### Comments